

Löse die Gleichung:

$$1\frac{2}{3}x - 7(3 - x) = 5\left(\frac{2}{5}x + 8\right) - (x + 15)$$

$$\frac{5}{3}x - 21 + 7x = 2x + 40 - x - 15$$

Zusammenfassen

$$7\frac{5}{3}x - 21 = x + 25$$

/ -x

$$7\frac{2}{3}x - 21 = +25$$

/ + 21

$$7\frac{2}{3}x = 46$$

/ : $7\frac{2}{3}$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 6}}$$

$$\frac{x+4}{5} - \left(\frac{x}{6} + 3\right) = 4x - \frac{40x-7}{10}$$

/ Klammer auflösen

$$\frac{x+4}{5} - \frac{x}{6} - 3 = 4x - \frac{40x-7}{10}$$

/ Hauptnenner · 30

$$\frac{30(x+4)}{5} - 30 \cdot \frac{x}{6} - 3 \cdot 30 = 30 \cdot 4x - \frac{30(40x-7)}{10}$$

$$6(x+4) - 5x - 90 = 120x - 3(40x - 7)$$

$$6x + 24 - 5x - 90 = 120x - 120x + 21 \quad / \text{Zusammenfassen}$$

$$x - 66 = 21 \quad / + 66$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 87}}$$

QA 1984 V/1

$$6x + \frac{2}{5} - 2\left(2x + \frac{1}{2}\right) + 4 - \frac{1}{5}x = 7$$

$$6x + \frac{2}{5} - 4x - 1 + 4 - \frac{1}{5}x = 7$$

/ Hauptnenner · 5

$$30x + 2 - 20x - 5 + 20 - x = 35$$

/ Zusammenfassen

$$9x + 17 = 35$$

/ - 17

$$9x = 18$$

/ : 2

$$\underline{\underline{x = 2}}$$

QA 1985 I/1

$$\frac{2}{5}(20x - 25) - (x + 36) = \frac{5x - 10}{3}$$

(QS = 8)

$$8x - 10 - x - 36 = \frac{5x - 10}{3}$$

/ Zusammenfassen

$$7x - 46 = \frac{5x - 10}{3}$$

/ Hauptnenner · 3

$$21x - 138 = 5x - 10$$

/ - 5x

$$16x - 138 = -10$$

/ + 138

$$16x = 128$$

/ : 16

$$\underline{\underline{x = 8}}$$

$$8(x+3) - \frac{40x-2}{5} = 42 - 4\left(\frac{x}{2} + 2\right) - \frac{8}{5} \quad (\text{QS} = 4)$$

$$8x + 24 - \frac{40x-2}{5} = 42 - 2x - 8 - \frac{8}{5} \quad / \text{Hauptnenner} \cdot 5$$

$$40x + 120 - 40x + 2 = 210 - 10x - 40 - 8 \quad / \text{Zusammenfassen}$$

$$122 = 162 - 10x \quad / + 10x$$

$$10x + 122 = 162 \quad / - 122$$

$$10x = 40 \quad / : 4$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 4}}$$

$$\frac{7x-18}{2} - 3x = \frac{2x-4}{6} - \frac{1}{8}(4x-16) + 3$$

$$\frac{7x-18}{2} - 3x = \frac{2x-4}{6} - \frac{1}{2}x + 2 + 3 \quad / \text{Hauptnenner} \cdot 6$$

$$\frac{6(7x-18)}{2} - 3x \cdot 6 = \frac{6(2x-4)}{6} - \frac{1}{2}x \cdot 6 + 5 \cdot 6 \quad / \text{Kürzen}$$

$$3(7x-18) - 18x = 2x-4 - 3x + 30 \quad / \text{Zusammenfassen}$$

$$21x - 54 - 18x = 26 - x \quad / + x$$

$$4x - 54 = 26 \quad / + 54$$

$$4x = 80 \quad / : 4$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 20}}$$

$$2(x+5) + \frac{1}{8}x = 3x - \frac{3(x-5)}{4}$$

(QS = 5)

$$2x+10 + \frac{1}{8}x = 3x - \frac{3x-15}{4}$$

/ Hauptnenner · 8

$$16x + 80 + x = 24x - 2(3x - 15)$$

/ Klammer ausmultiplizieren

$$17x + 80 = 24x - 6x + 30$$

/ Zusammenfassen

$$17x + 80 = 18x + 30$$

/ - 17x

$$80 = x + 30$$

/ - 30

$$\underline{\underline{50 = x}}$$

$$\frac{3}{4}(3x-8) + \frac{5-x}{8} = 2 - \frac{4x-7}{5}$$

$$\frac{9}{4}x - 6 + \frac{5-x}{8} = 2 - \frac{4x-7}{5}$$

/ Hauptnenner · 40

$$90x - 240 + 5(5-x) = 80 - 8(4x - 7)$$

$$90x - 240 + 25 - 5x = 80 - 32x + 56$$

/ Zusammenfassen

$$85x - 215 = 136 - 32x$$

/ + 32x

$$117x - 215 = 136$$

/ + 215

$$117x = 351$$

/ : 117

$$\underline{\underline{x = 3}}$$

$$\frac{2x-1}{4} - \frac{2x-3,5}{6} = \frac{1,4x+15}{12} - \frac{3,5x-7,5}{15} \quad / \text{Hauptnenner} \cdot 60$$

$$\frac{60(2x-1)}{4} - \frac{60(2x-3,5)}{6} = \frac{60(1,4x+15)}{12} - \frac{60(3,5x-7,5)}{15}$$

$$15(2x-1) - 10(2x-3,5) = 5(1,4x+15) - 4(3,5x-7,5)$$

$$30x - 15 - 20x + 35 = 7x + 75 - 14x + 30$$

$$10x + 20 = -7x + 105 \quad / + 7x$$

$$17x + 20 = 105 \quad / - 20$$

$$17x = 85 \quad / : 17$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 5}}$$

QA 1987 I/1

$$\frac{1}{3}(2x+3) - \frac{3x+8}{4} = \frac{5}{6} - (2x-2)$$

$$\frac{2}{3}x + 1 - \frac{3x+8}{4} = \frac{5}{6} - 2x + 2 \quad / \text{Hauptnenner} \cdot 12$$

$$8x + 12 - \frac{12(3x+8)}{4} = 10 - 24x + 24$$

$$8x + 12 - 3(3x+8) = 34 - 24x$$

$$8x + 12 - 9x - 24 = 34 - 24x \quad / \text{Zusammenfassen}$$

$$-x - 12 = 34 - 24x \quad / + 24x$$

$$23x - 12 = 34 \quad / + 12$$

$$23x = 46 \quad / : 23$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 2}}$$